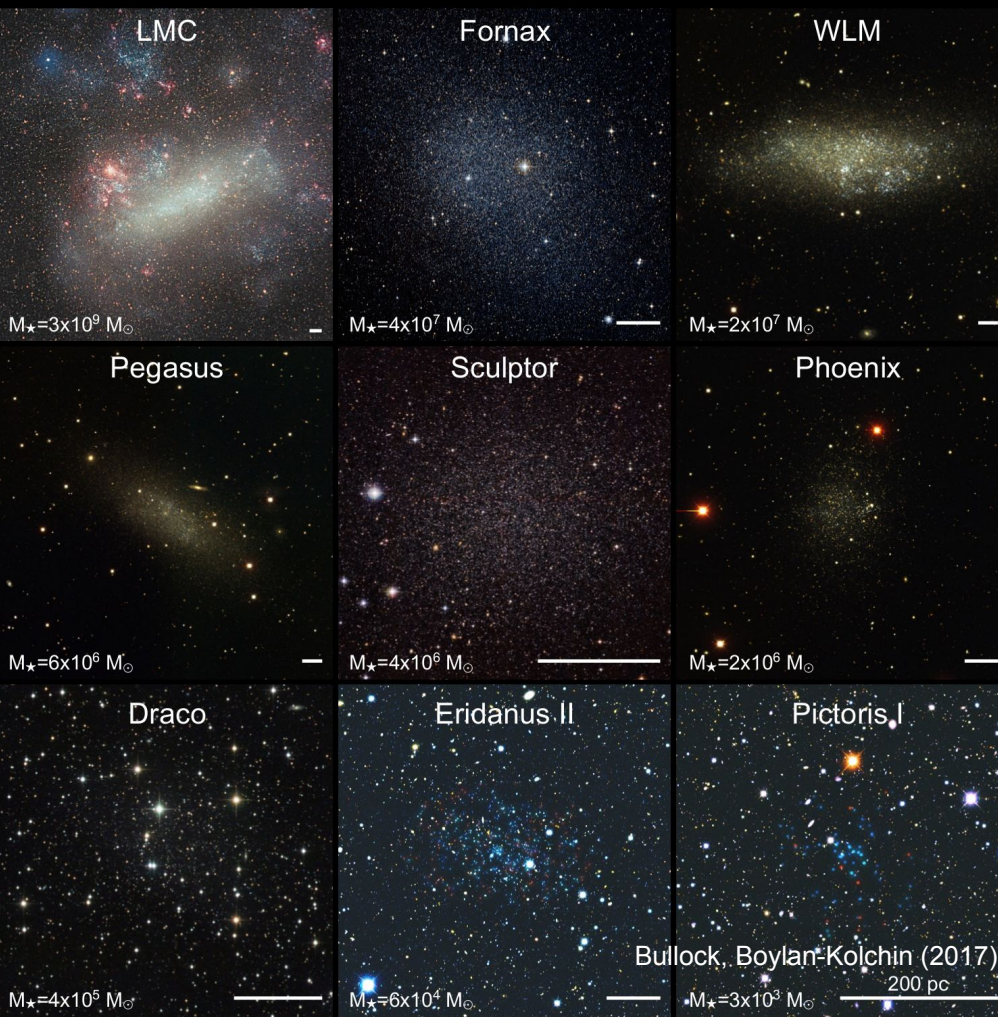
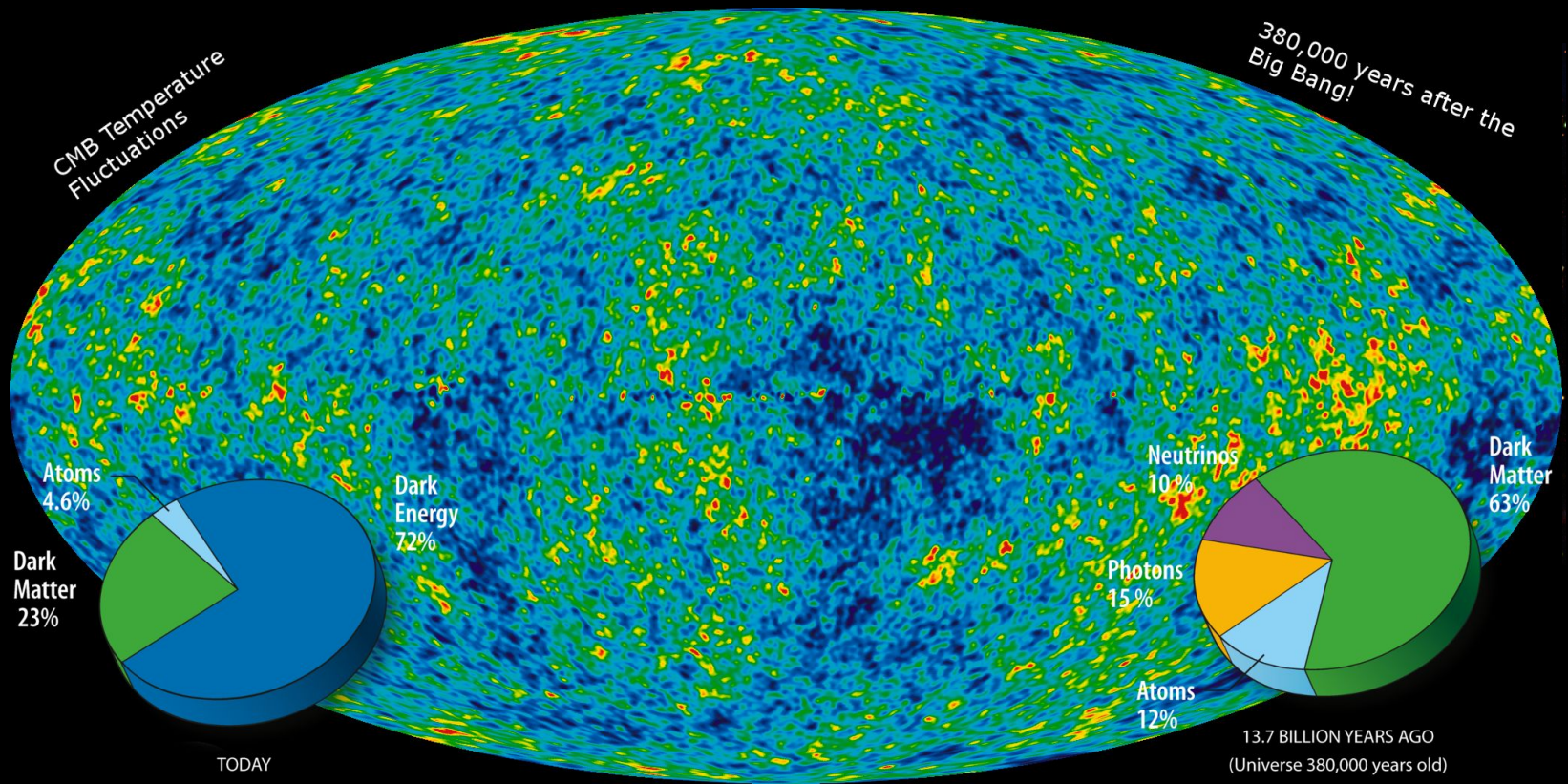


Λ CDM in the context of the ultra-faint galaxies of the Milky Way

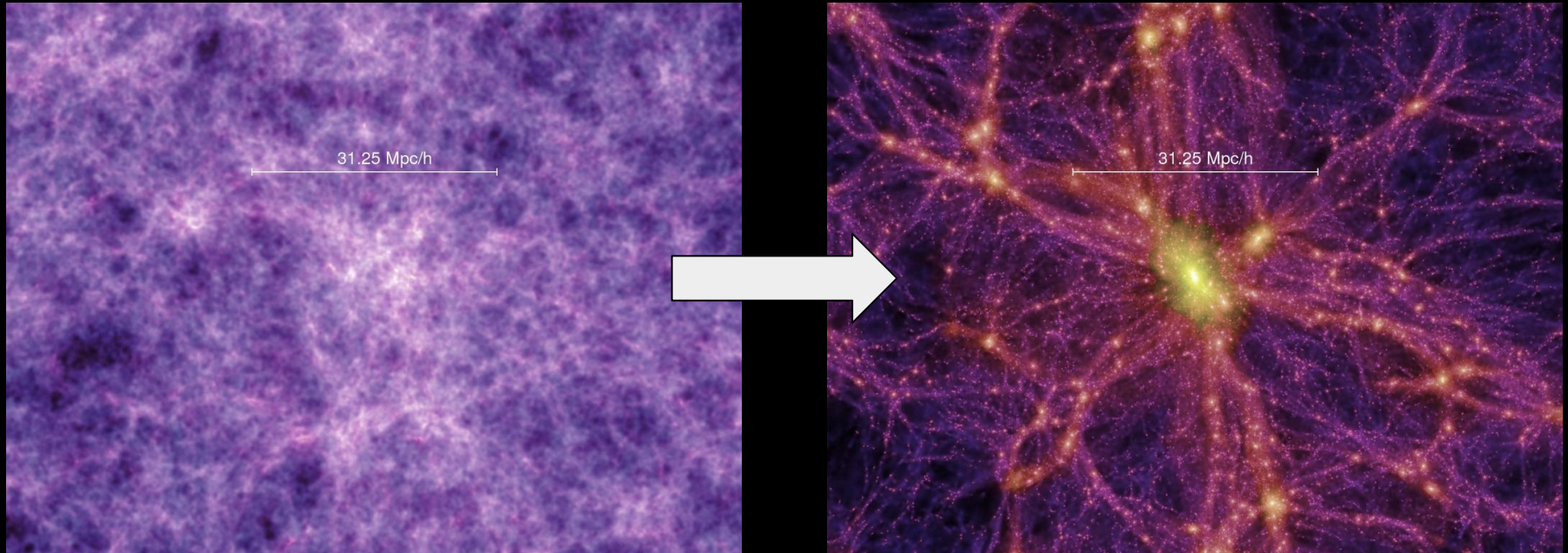


Gabriel Torrealba, ASIAA

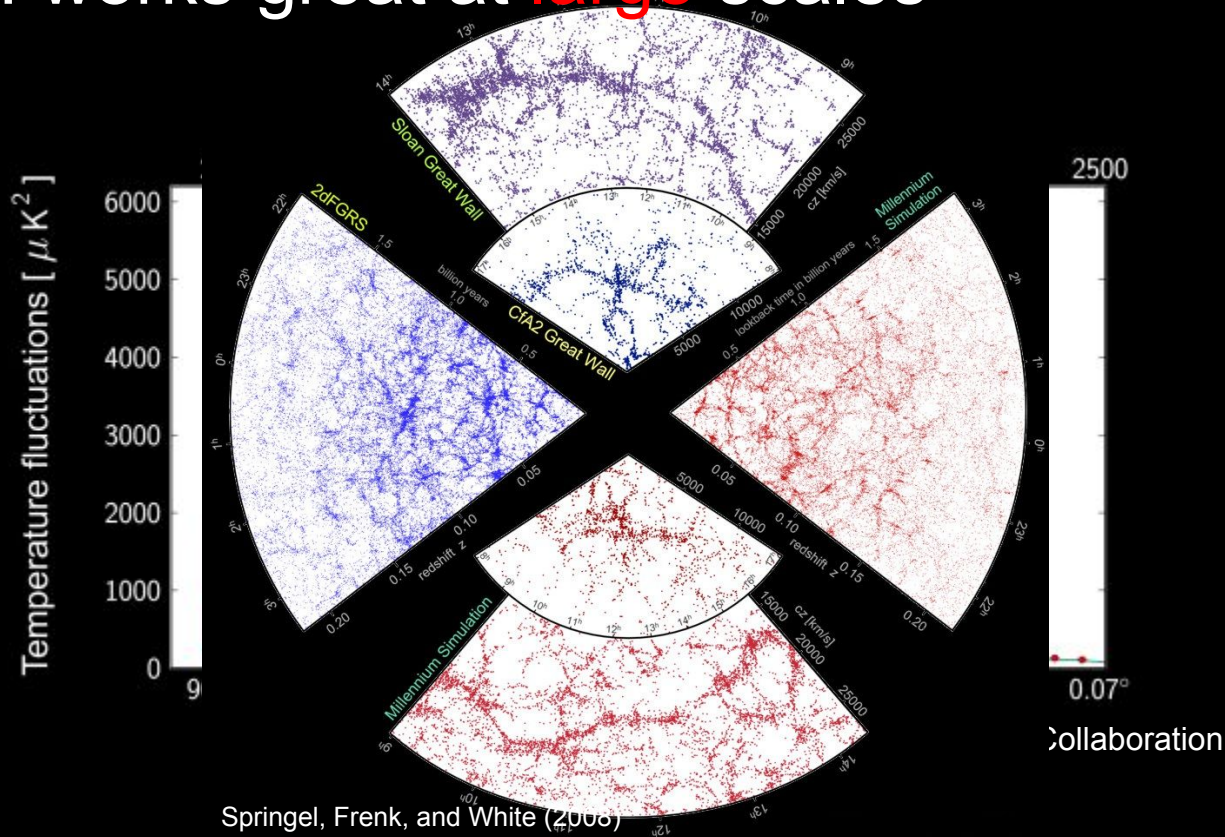


At the scale of the **Universe!**

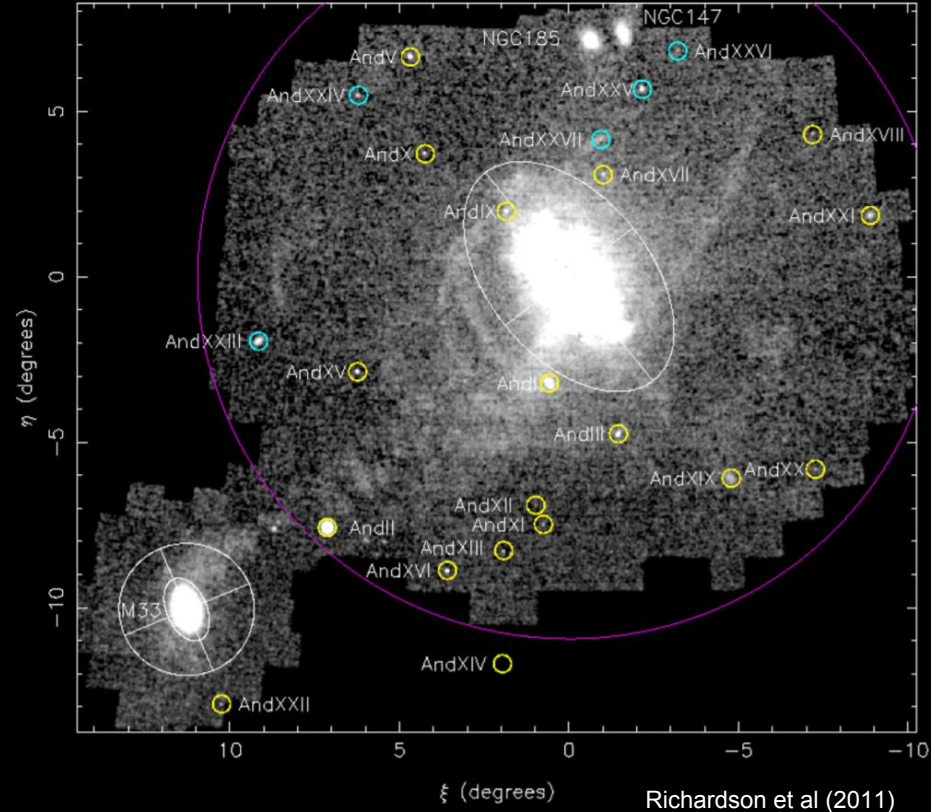
From the CMB until today



Λ CDM works great at **large** scales

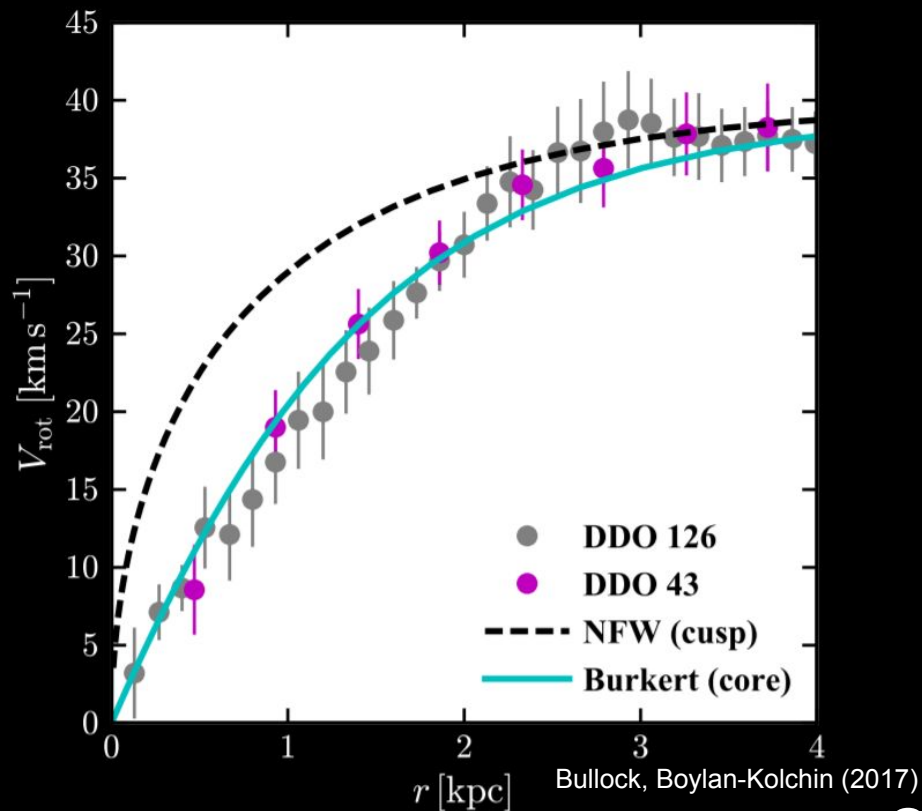


The (apparent?) small scale crisis...



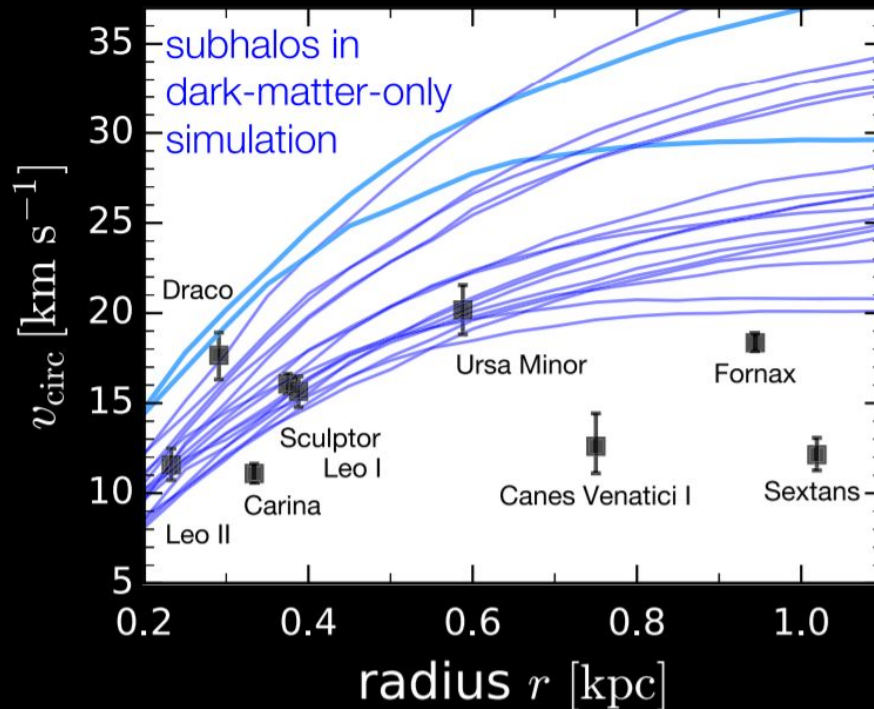
1 - Missing satellites

The (apparent?) small scale crisis...



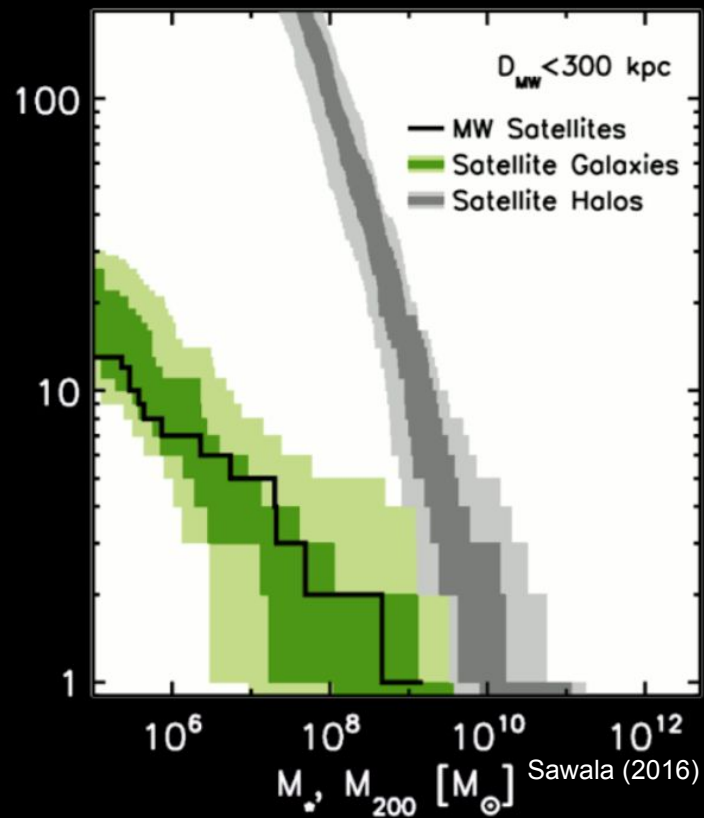
2 - Core/Cusp

The (apparent?) small scale crisis...

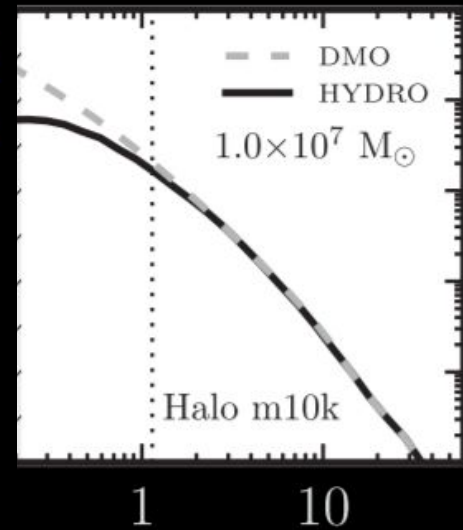
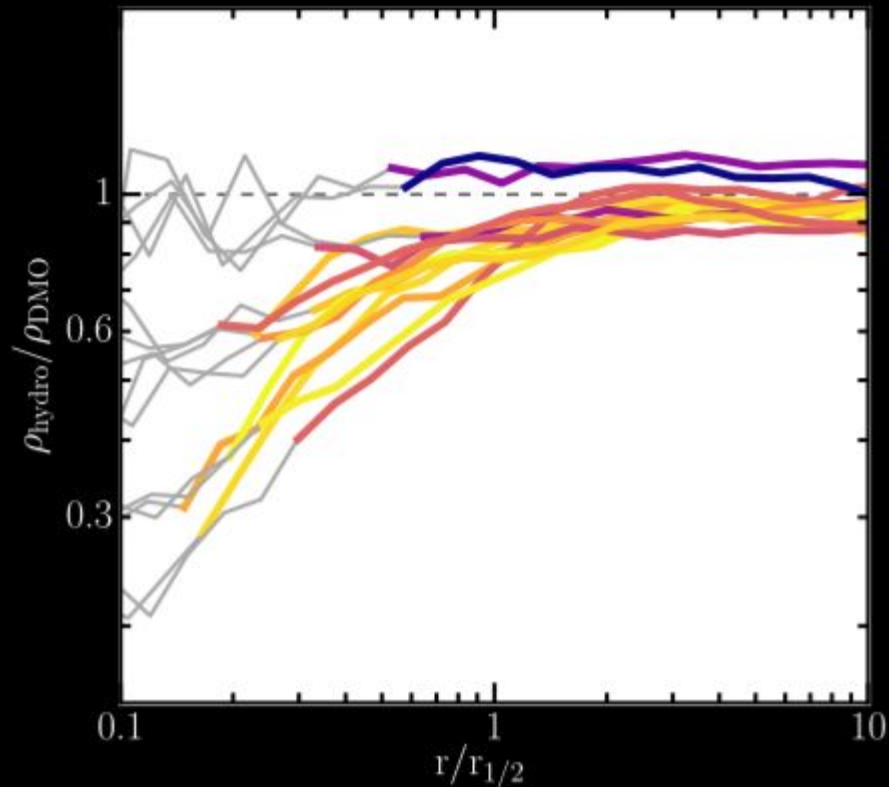
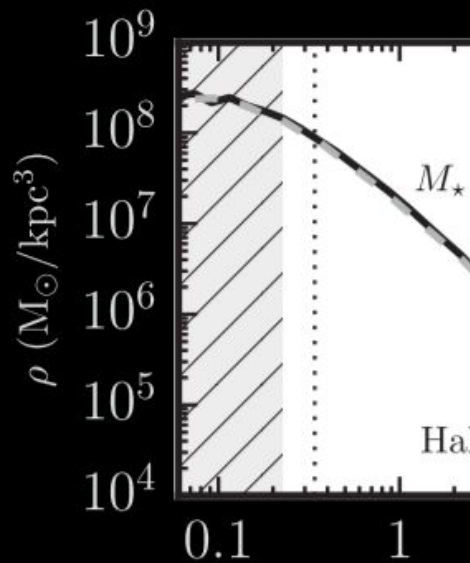


3 - Too big too fail

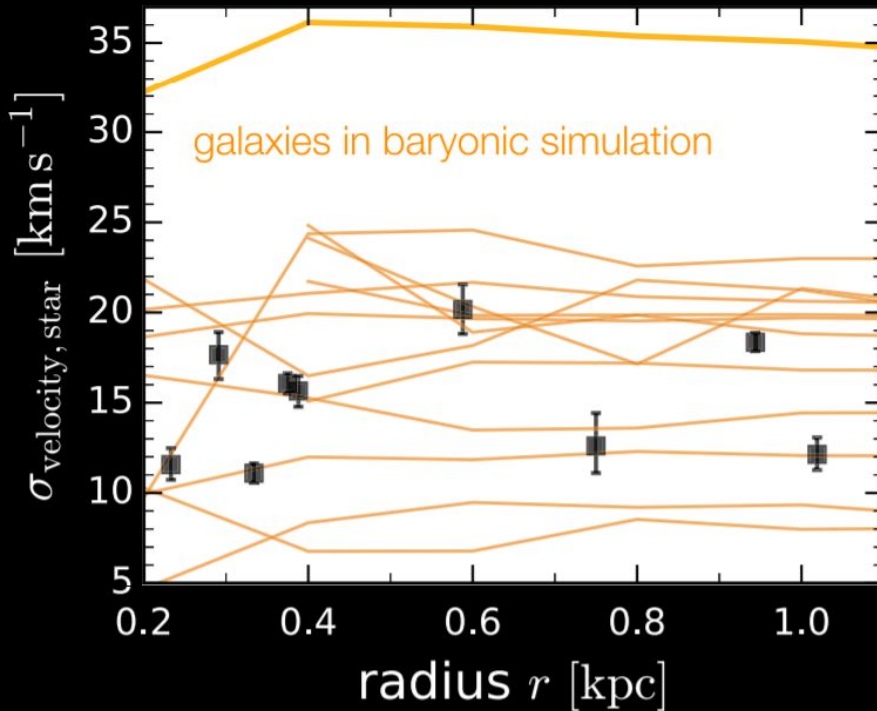
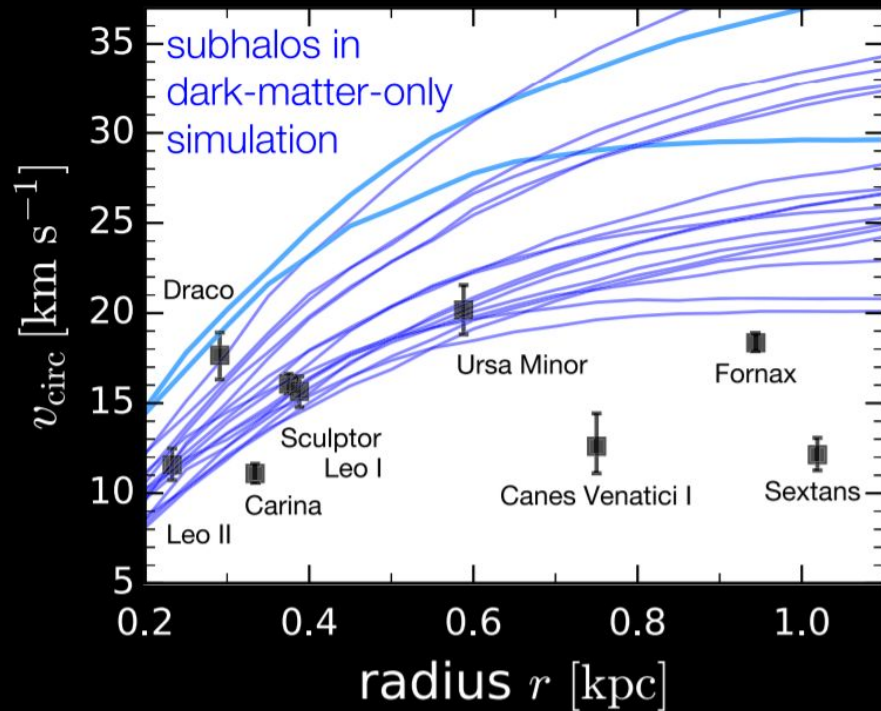
The baryon approach



The baryon approach



The baryon approach

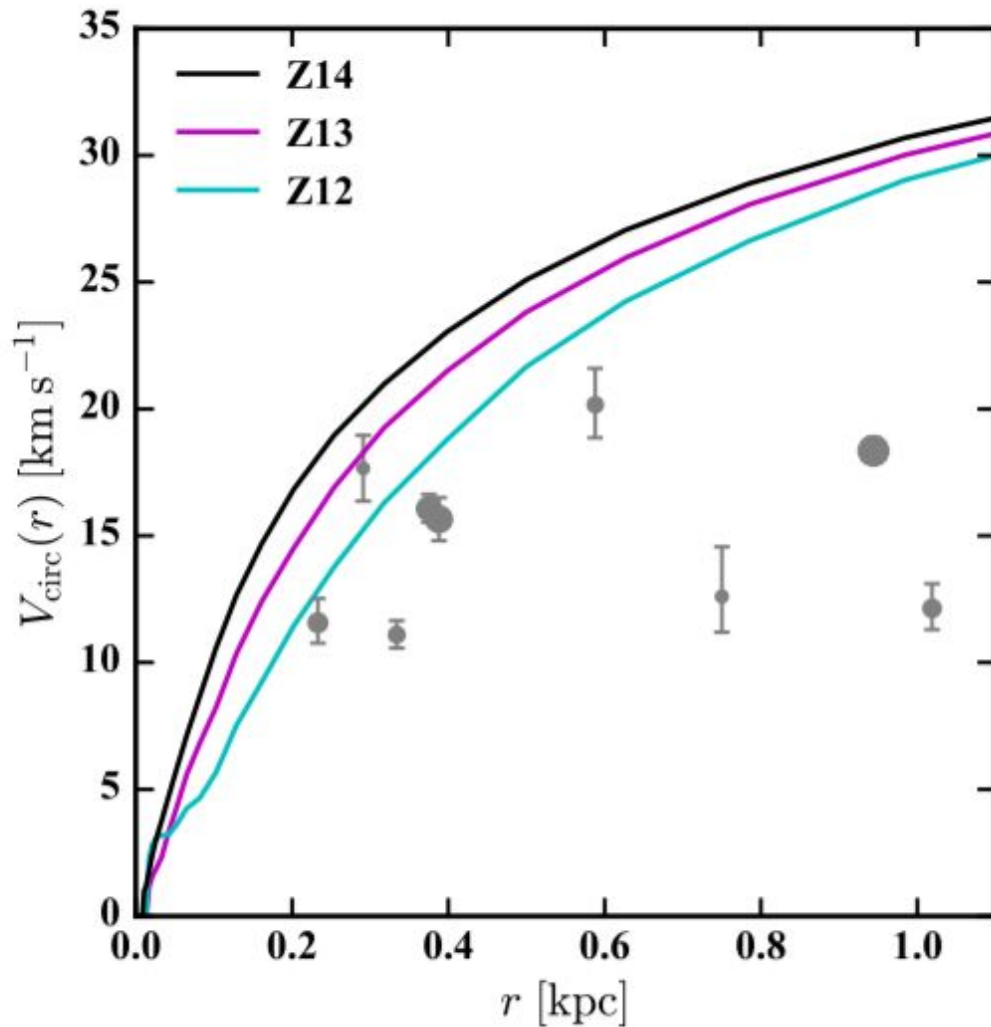


Not so Fast

In most cases
physics might

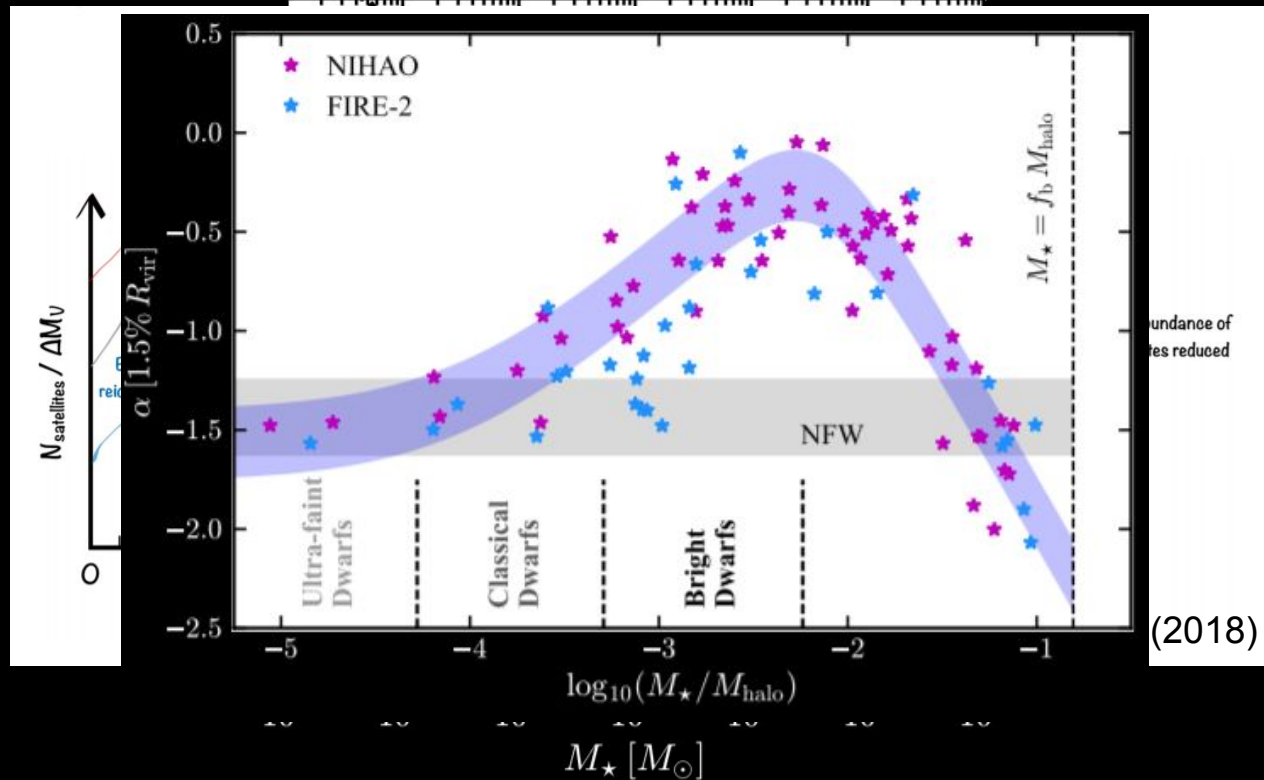
- Some for
- Gas dens
- Reionizat
- SN feedb

Even Numeric

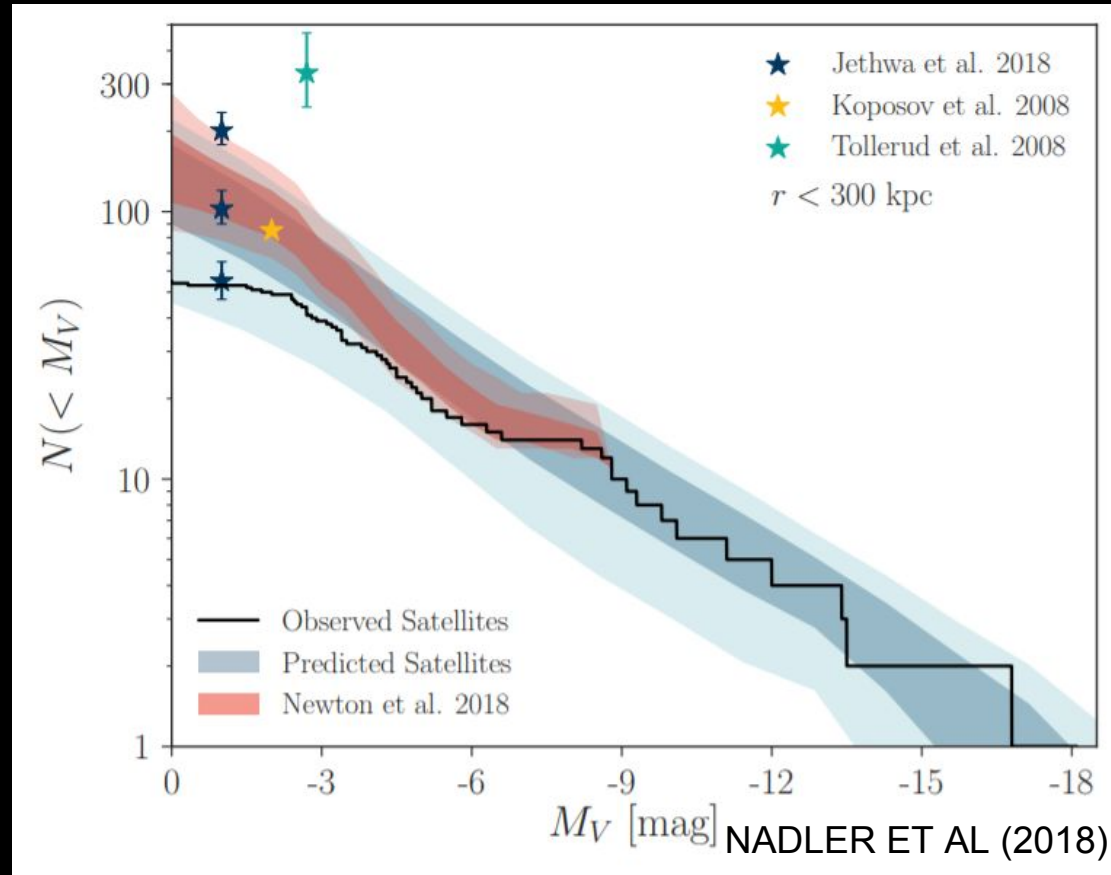


not baryonic

Faint end is critically important. But the most affected



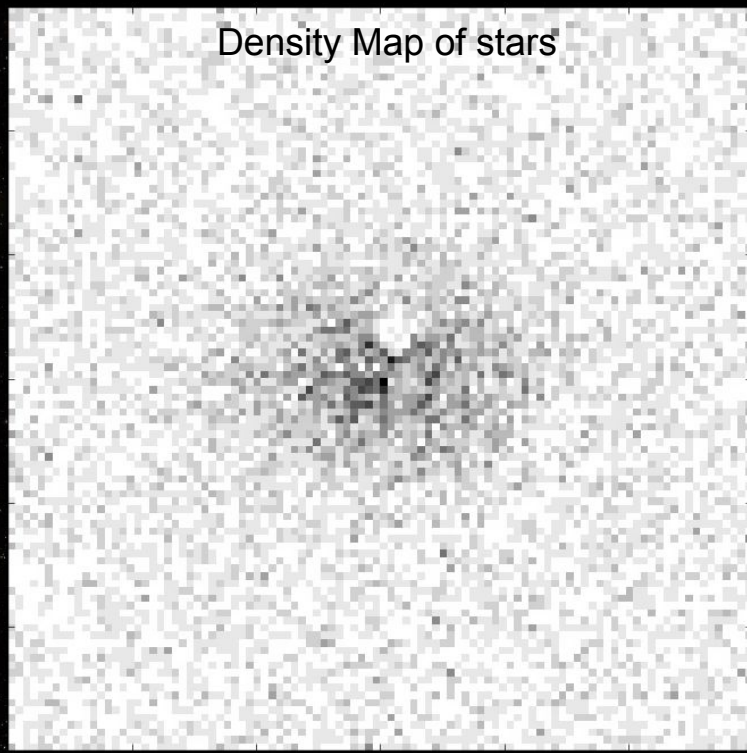
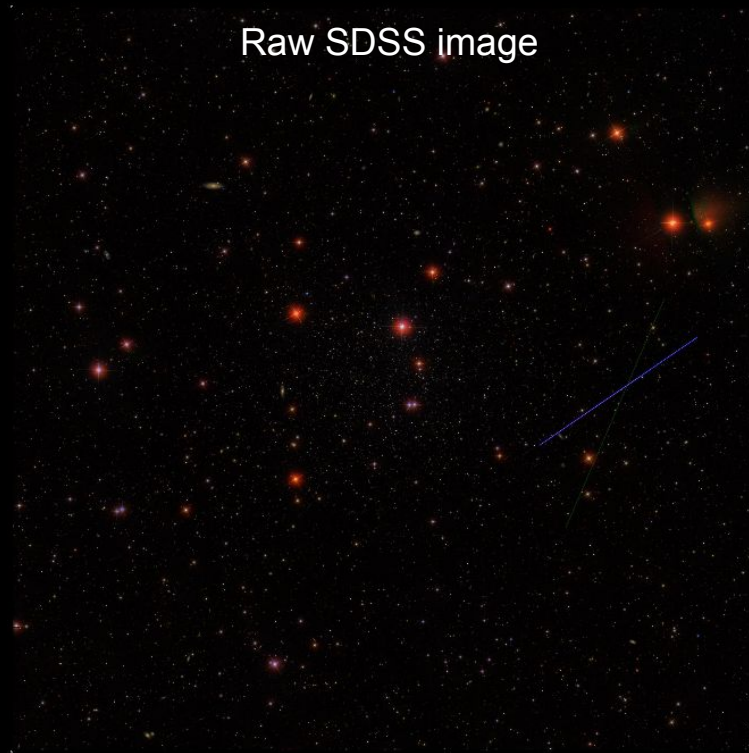
... And provides direct insight into these issues too!

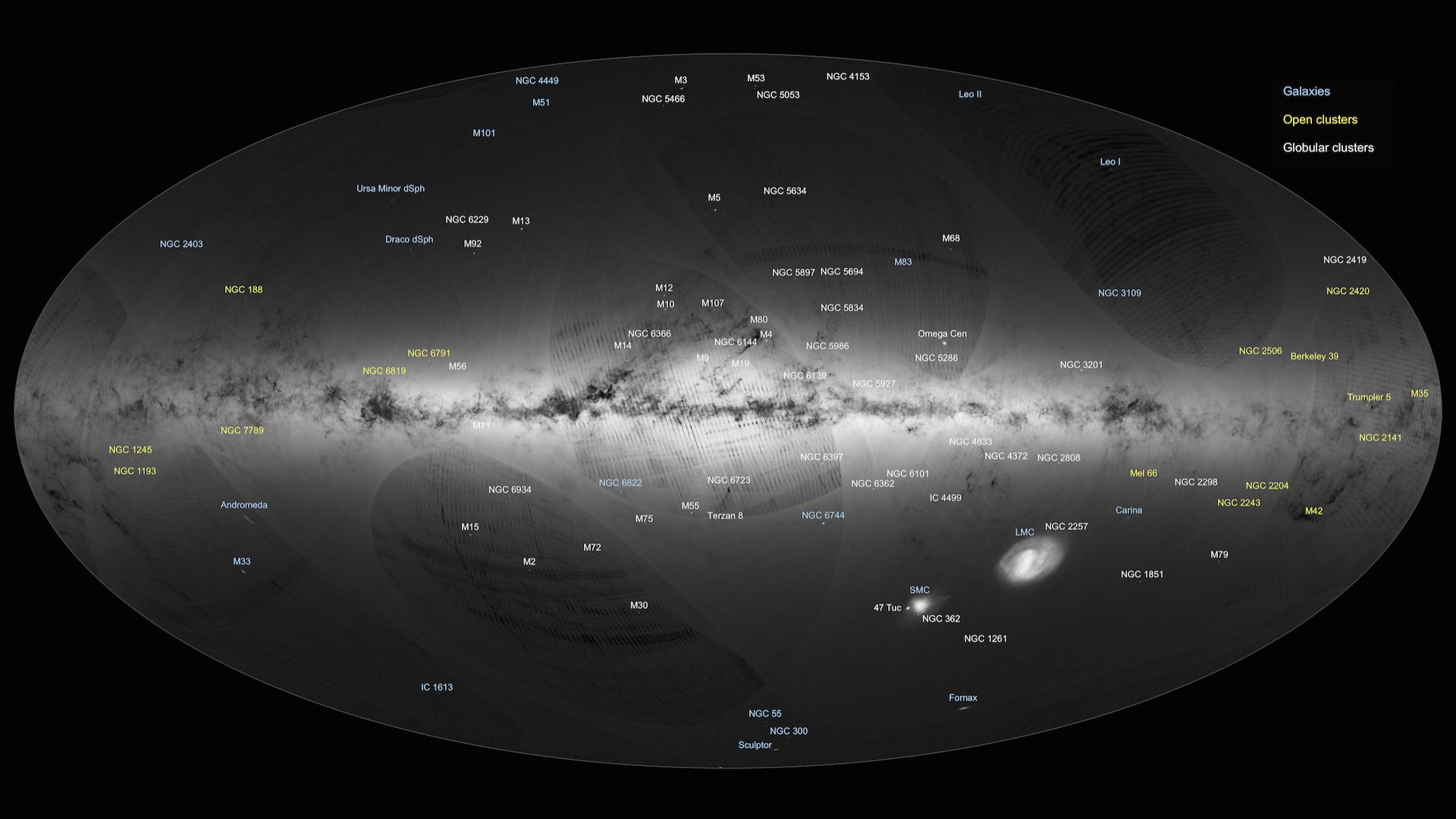


We need a complete **census**!

- Characterization of the **environment** is critical!
- **Hundreds** of galaxies awaiting discovery
- Baryon / DM differentiation
- Find the **limits** of galaxy formation
- **Explore** the unexplored!

We **count** stars instead!





- Galaxies
- Open clusters
- Globular clusters

NGC 4449 M3 M53 NGC 4153 Leo II

M51 NGC 5466 NGC 5053

M101

Ursa Minor dSph

NGC 6229 M13

Draco dSph M92

NGC 2403

NGC 188

NGC 6791 NGC 6819 M56

NGC 7789

NGC 1245 NGC 1193

Andromeda

M33

M2

M72

M30

IC 1613

M5

NGC 5634

NGC 5897 NGC 5694

M83

M68

NGC 5834

NGC 5986

Omega Cen

NGC 5286

NGC 3201

NGC 3109

NGC 2419

NGC 2420

NGC 2506 Berkeley 39

Trumpler 5 M35

NGC 2141

NGC 4833

NGC 4372 NGC 2808

IC 4499

LMC NGC 2257

Carina

Mel 66

NGC 2298

NGC 2204

NGC 2243

M42

M79

NGC 1851

SMC

47 Tuc NGC 362

NGC 1261

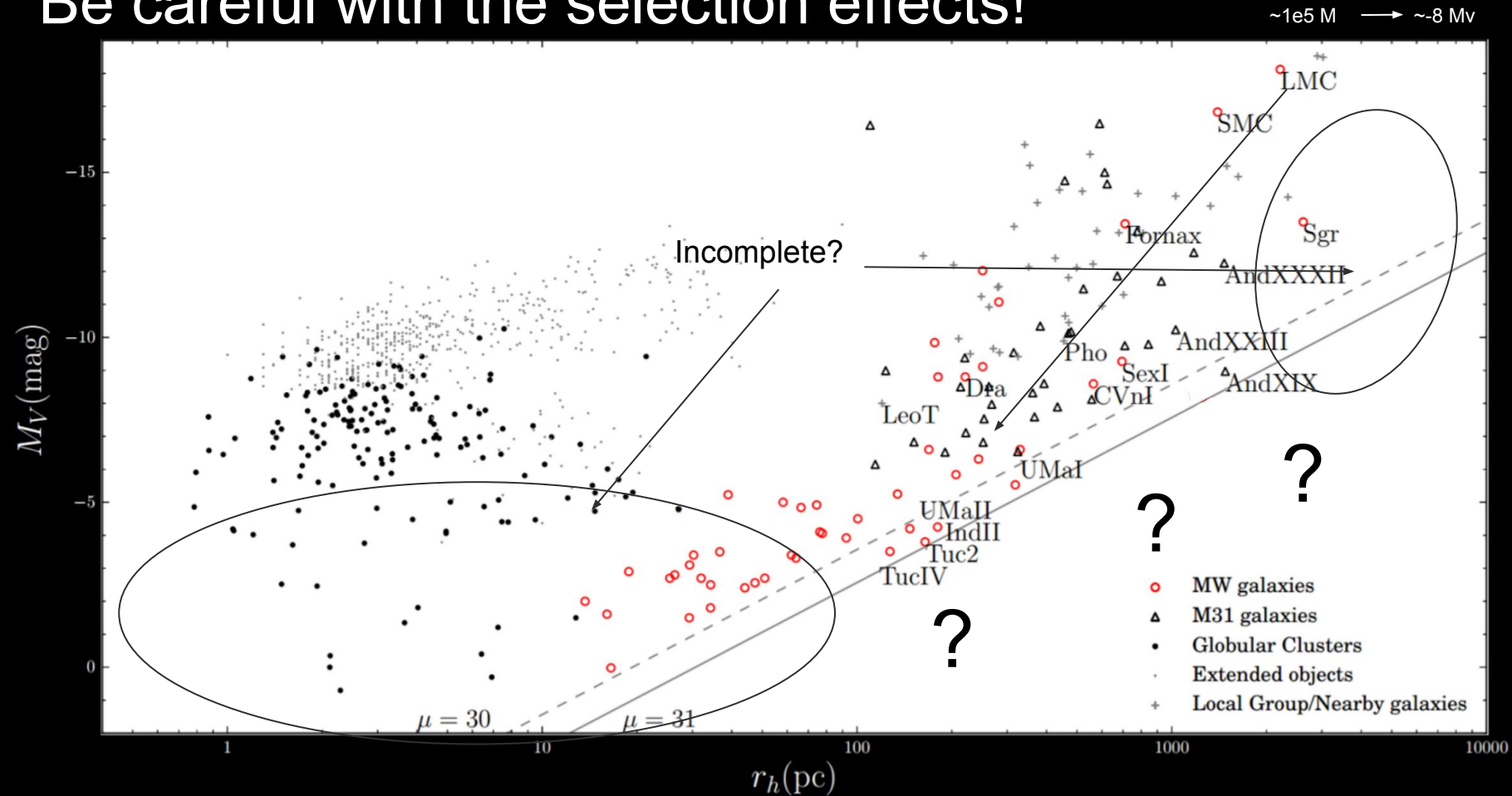
Formax

NGC 55

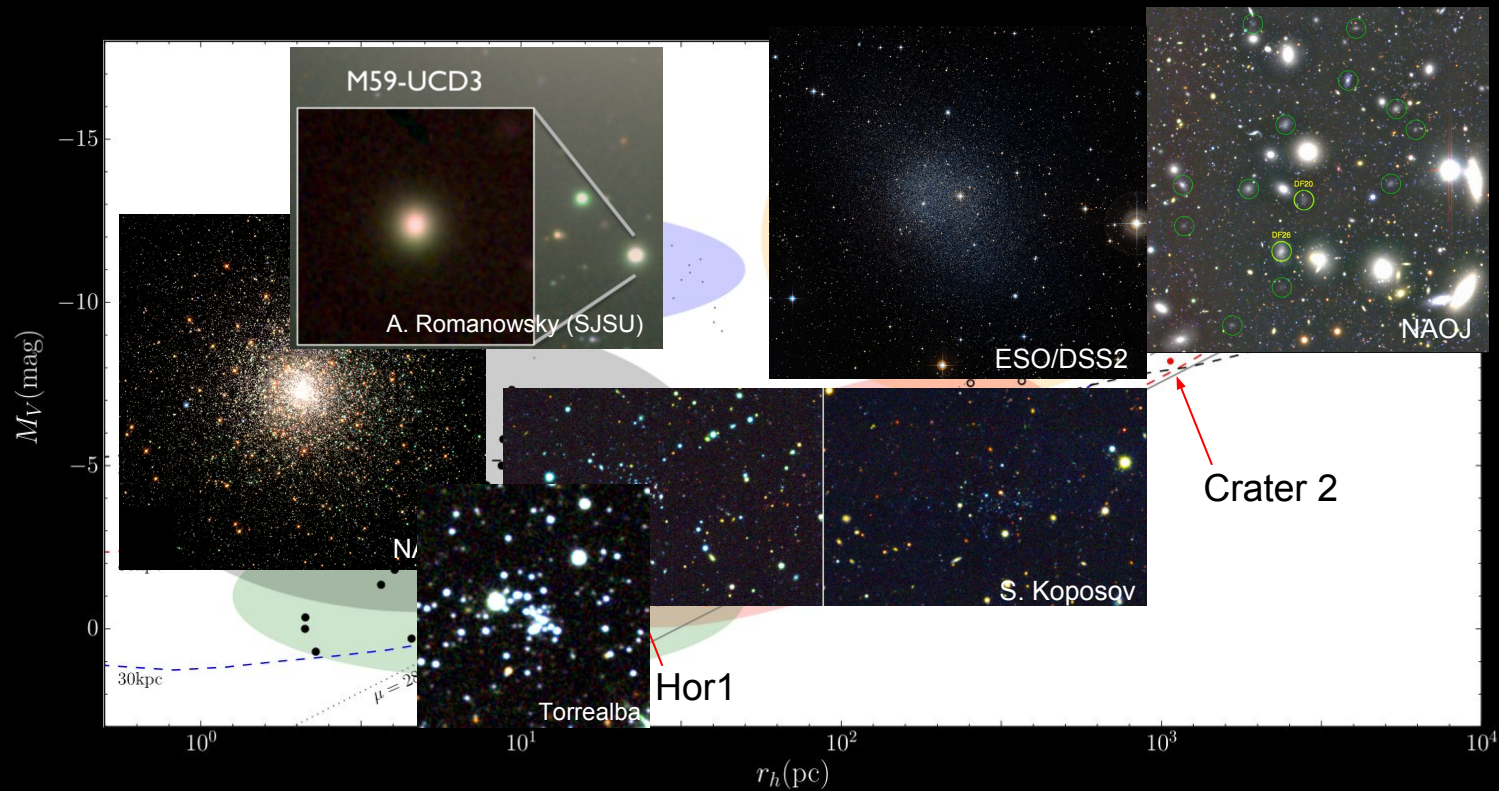
NGC 300

Sculptor

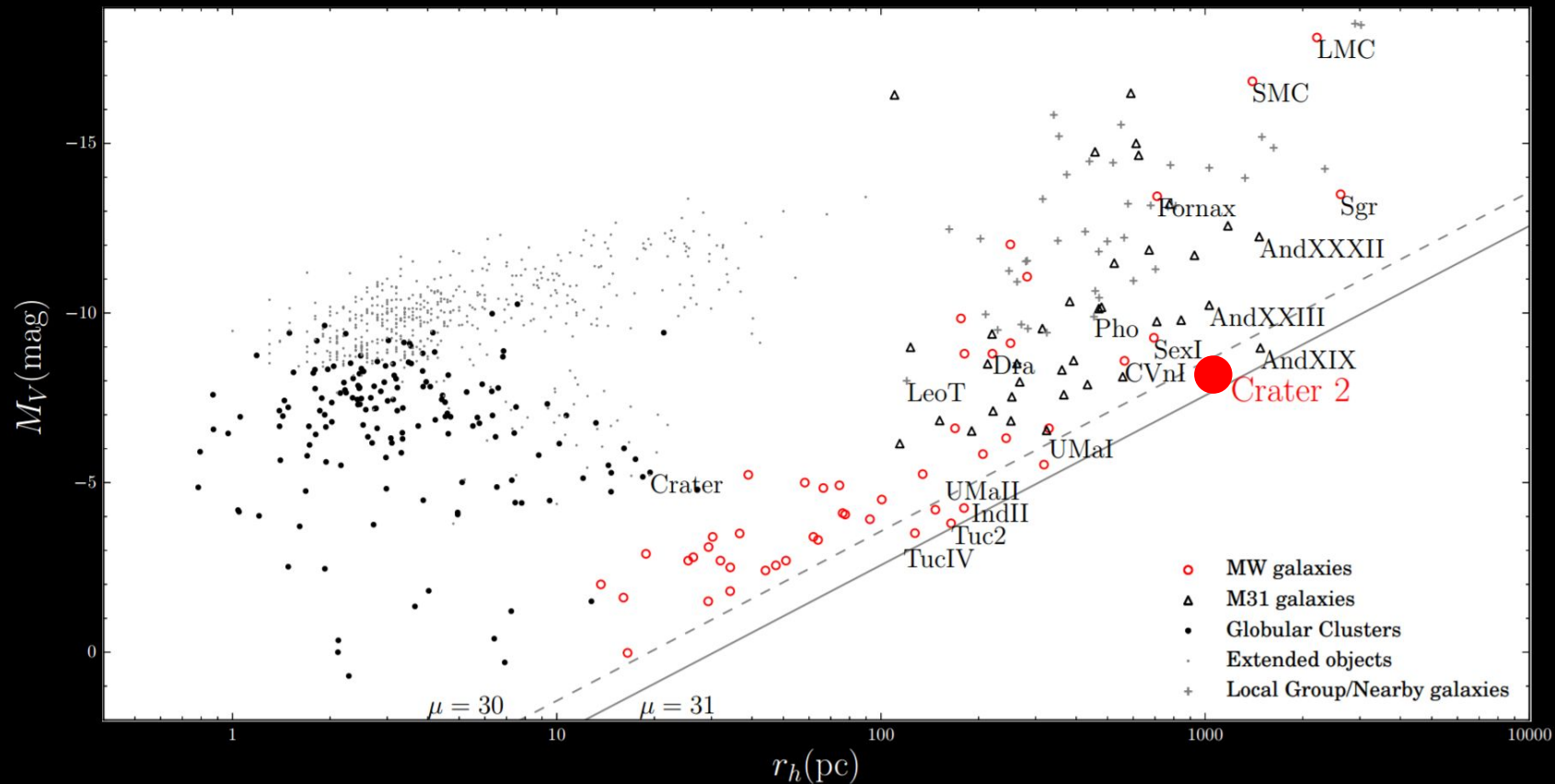
Be careful with the selection effects!



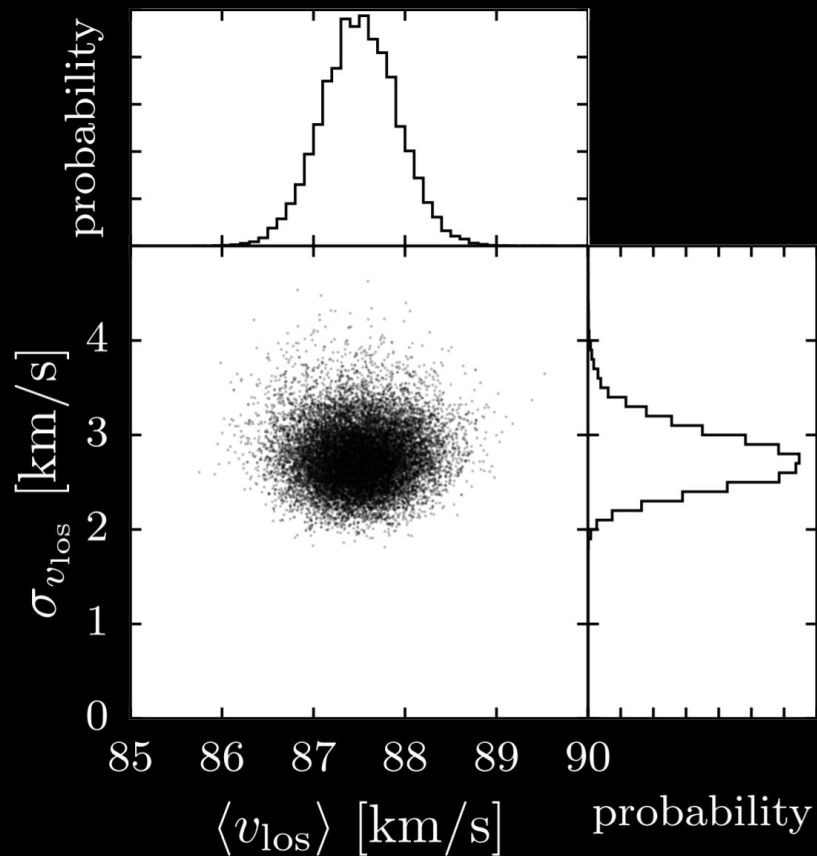
A big **insectarium** of satellites!



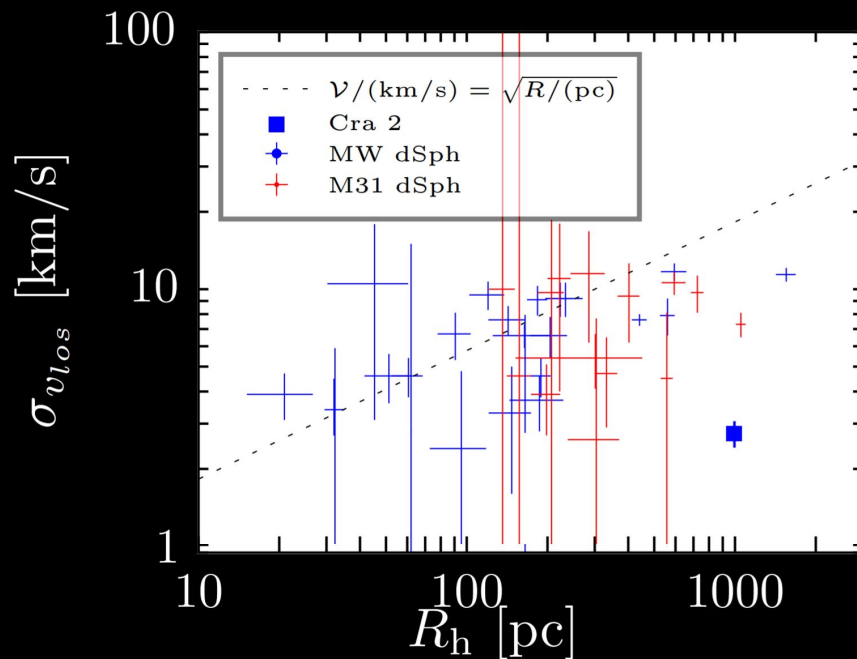
The odd MW satellite Crater 2



Surprisingly Cold!



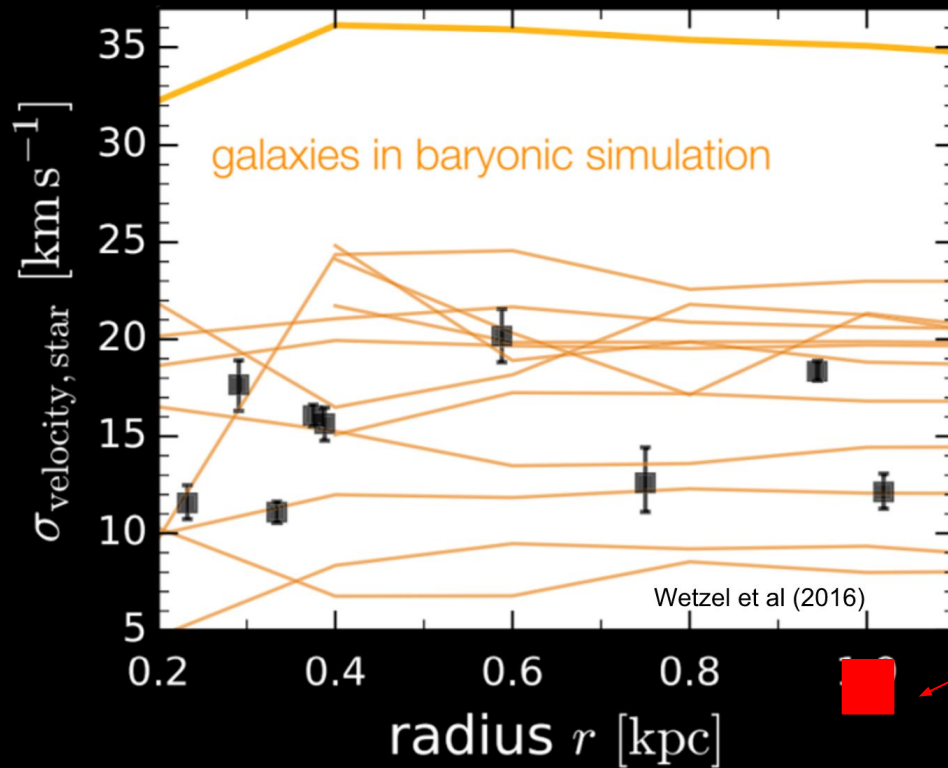
Not only for its size!



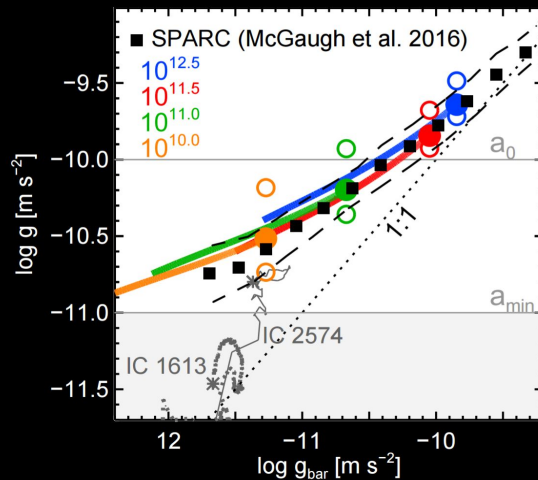
$M(r < r_h) \sim 5e6$

Caldwell et al (2016)

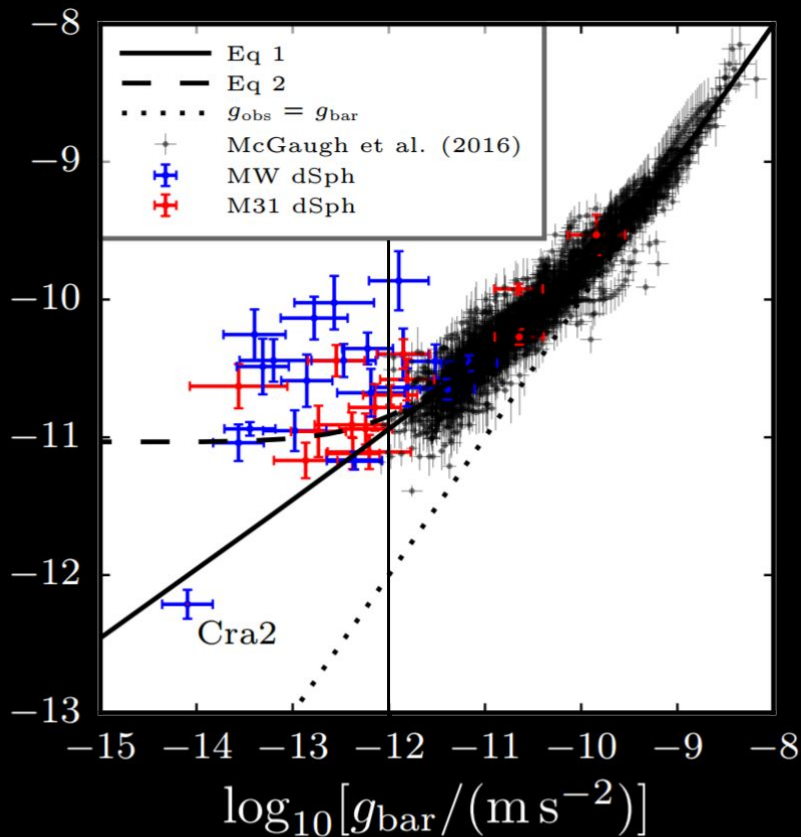
What did we expect?



Possible conflict?

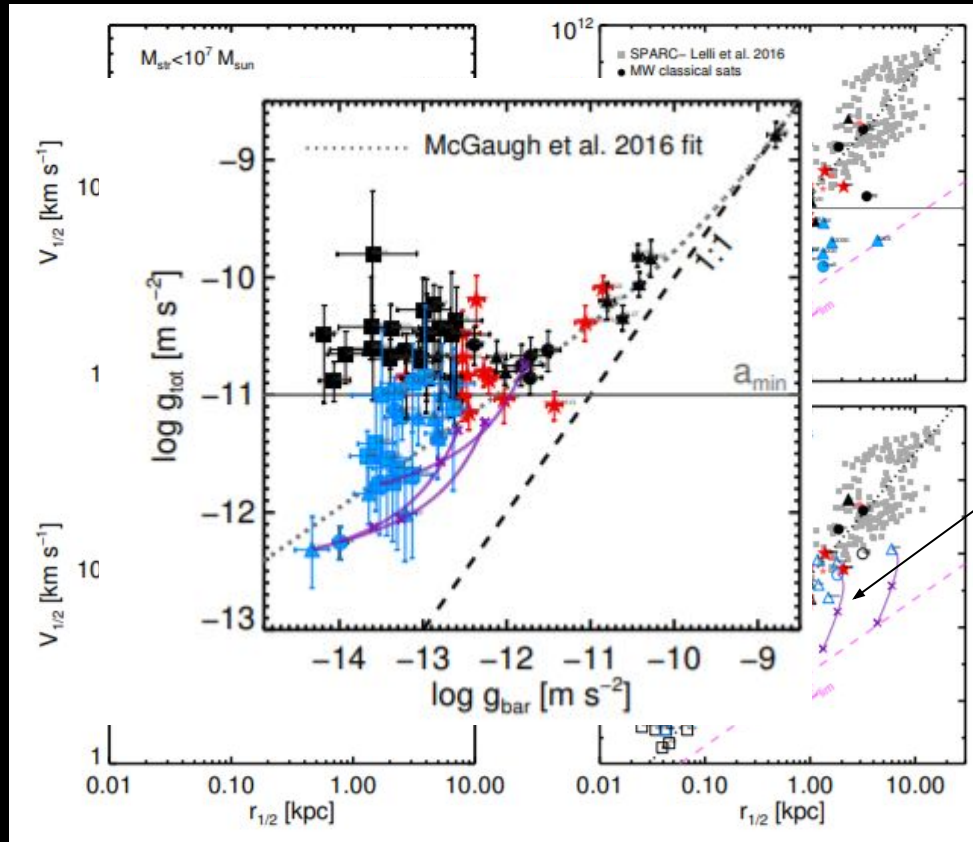


Navarro et al (2016)



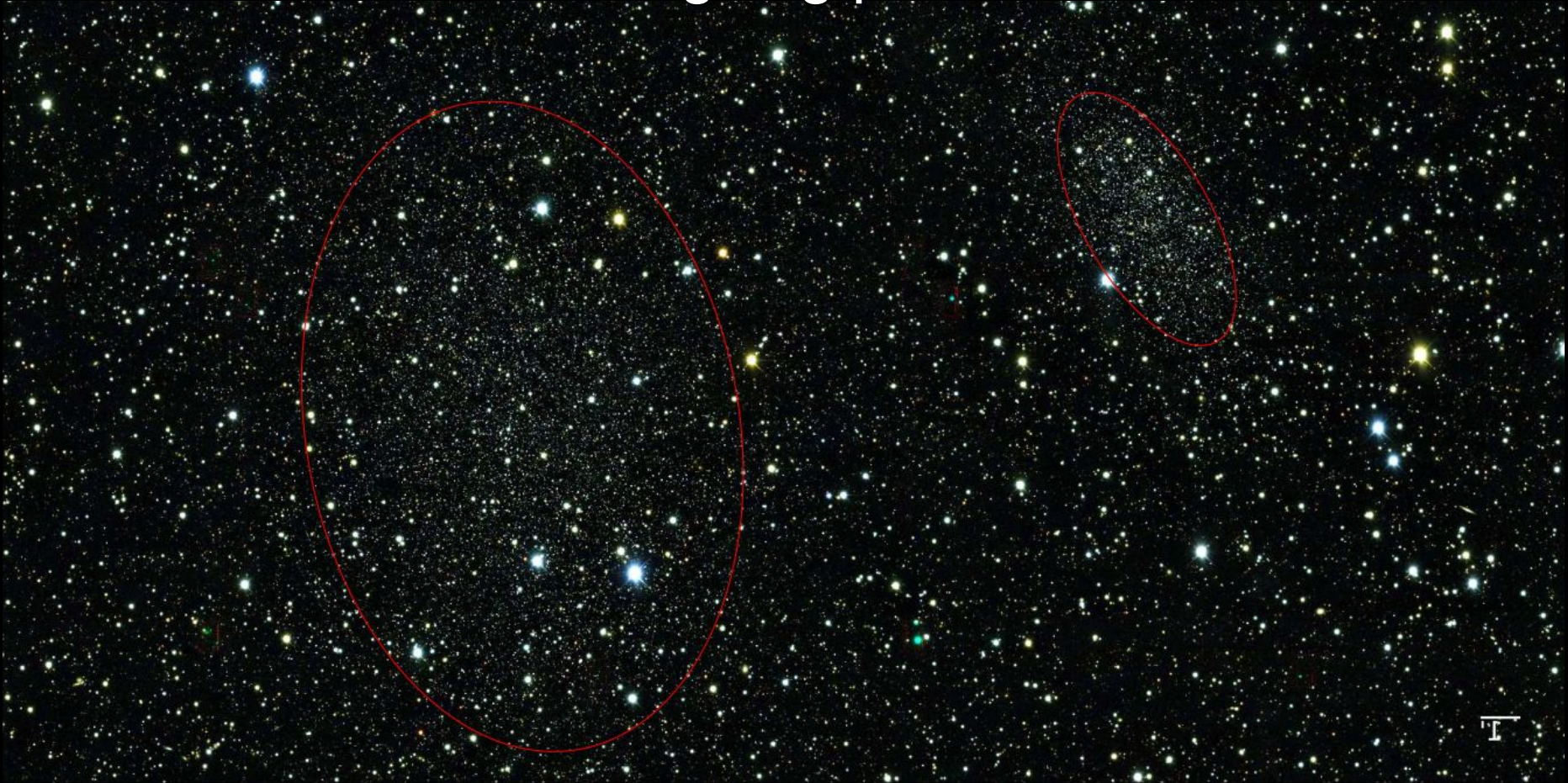
Walker et al (priv comm)

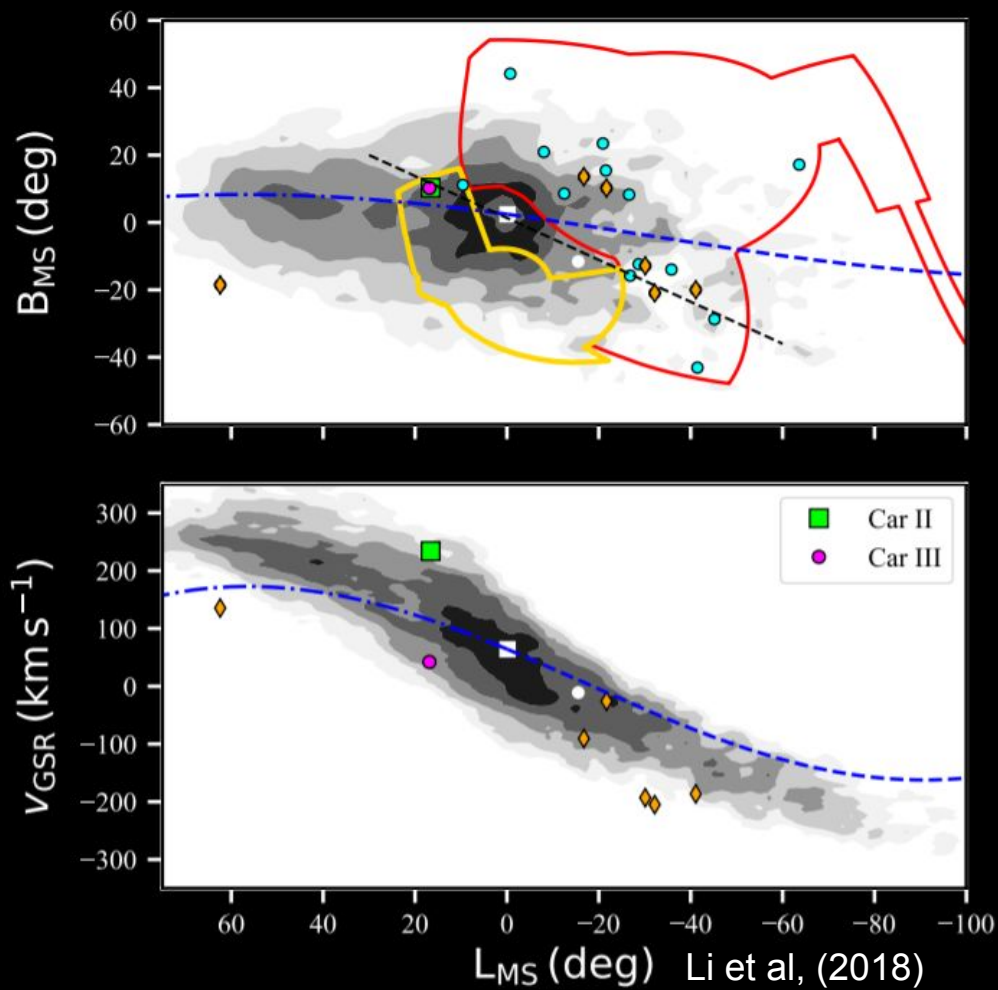
But yet again... baryons



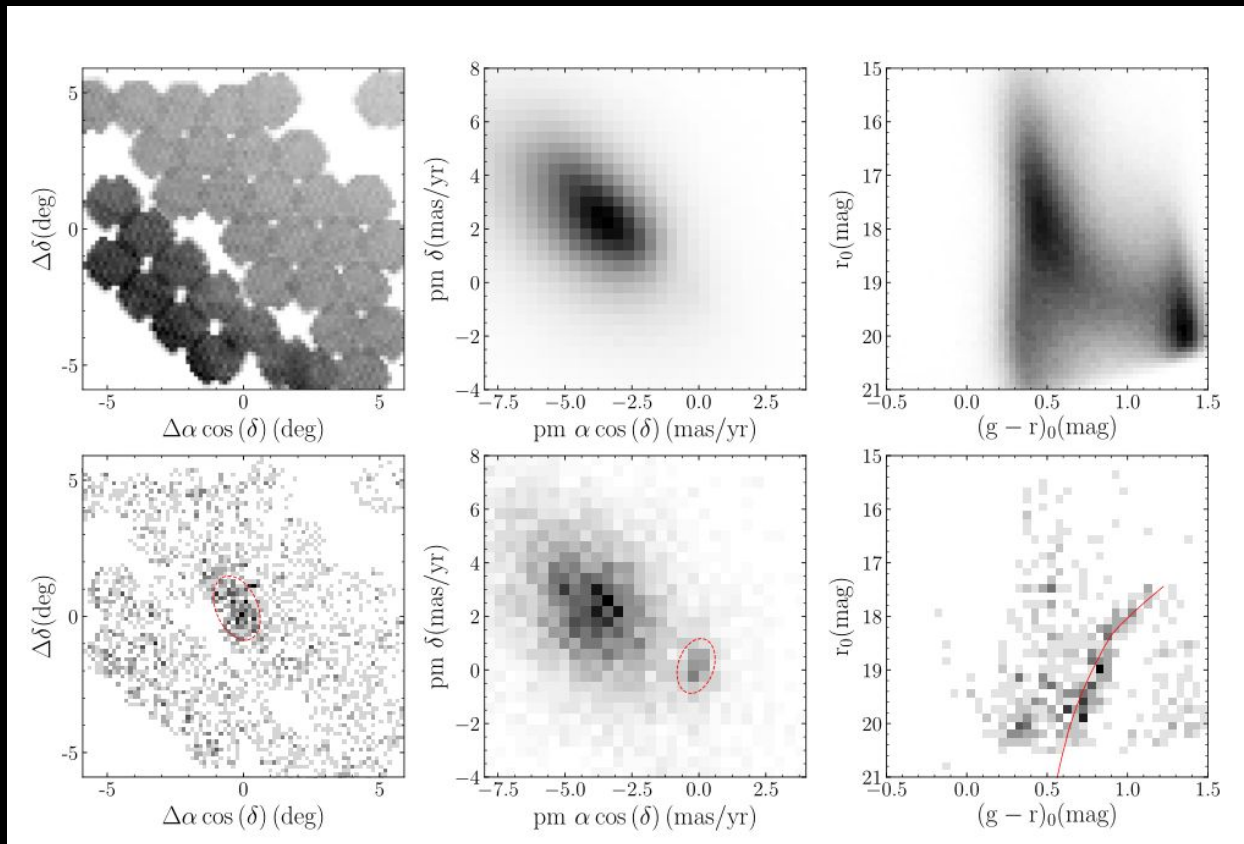
99% of the mass loss with
Zero signs of tidal disruption

Carina 2 and 3 - An intriguing pair

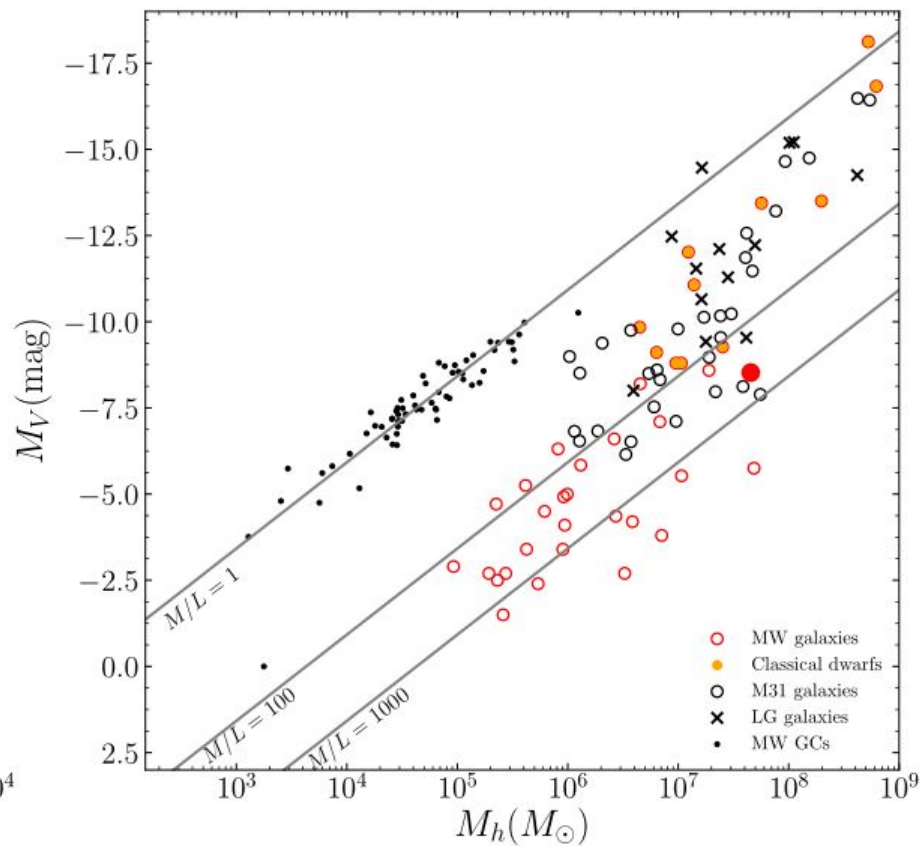
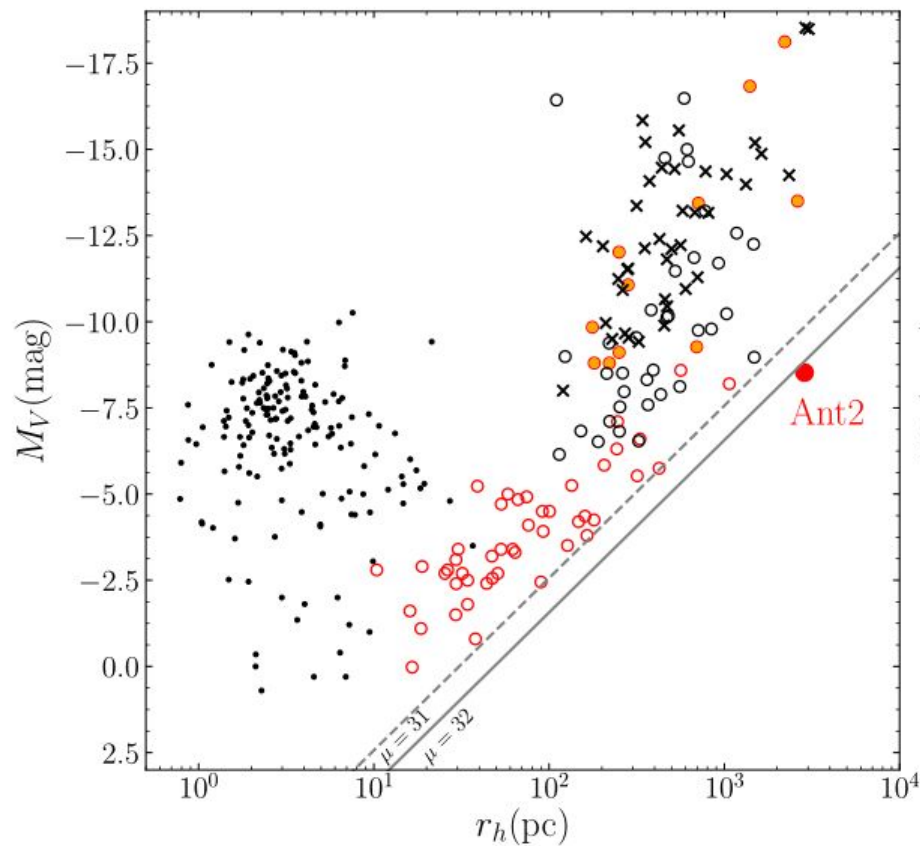




The missing giant



The missing giant



Summary

- DM shapes our Universe, and Λ CDM is a great description!
- Small scales are challenging, but critically important to describe DM
- Baryon/DM interplay is messy, but key to the apparent (?) discrepancies
- A full census, and detailed description, of the faintest galaxies is needed!
- Missing giants might be lurking around

In the future

- Find the missing - expected - satellites
- Characterize them in detail
- Find them in the field, and in other galaxies!